

## Gradient, Divergence, Curl, and Laplacian Operations

### Cartesian Coordinates

$$\nabla V = \hat{a}_x \frac{\partial V}{\partial x} + \hat{a}_y \frac{\partial V}{\partial y} + \hat{a}_z \frac{\partial V}{\partial z}$$

$$\nabla \cdot \bar{A} = \frac{\partial A_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial A_y}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial A_z}{\partial z}$$

$$\nabla \times \bar{A} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{a}_x & \hat{a}_y & \hat{a}_z \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ A_x & A_y & A_z \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\nabla^2 V = \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial z^2}$$

### Cylindrical Coordinates

$$\nabla V = \hat{a}_\rho \frac{\partial V}{\partial \rho} + \hat{a}_\phi \frac{\partial V}{\rho \partial \phi} + \hat{a}_z \frac{\partial V}{\partial z}$$

$$\nabla \cdot \bar{A} = \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial (\rho A_\rho)}{\partial \rho} + \frac{\partial A_\phi}{\rho \partial \phi} + \frac{\partial A_z}{\partial z}$$

$$\nabla \times \bar{A} = \hat{a}_\rho \left( \frac{\partial A_z}{\rho \partial \phi} - \frac{\partial A_\phi}{\partial z} \right) + \hat{a}_\phi \left( \frac{\partial A_\rho}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial A_z}{\partial \rho} \right) + \hat{a}_z \frac{1}{\rho} \left( \frac{\partial (\rho A_\phi)}{\partial \rho} - \frac{\partial A_\rho}{\partial \phi} \right)$$

$$\nabla^2 V = \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \left( \rho \frac{\partial V}{\partial \rho} \right) + \frac{1}{\rho^2} \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial \phi^2} + \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial z^2}$$

### Spherical Coordinates

$$\nabla V = \hat{a}_r \frac{\partial V}{\partial r} + \hat{a}_\theta \frac{\partial V}{r \partial \theta} + \hat{a}_\phi \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial V}{\partial \phi}$$

$$\nabla \cdot \bar{A} = \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r^2 A_r) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial (A_\theta \sin \theta)}{\partial \theta} + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial A_\phi}{\partial \phi}$$

$$\nabla \times \bar{A} = \hat{a}_r \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \left( \frac{\partial (A_\phi \sin \theta)}{\partial \theta} - \frac{\partial A_\theta}{\partial \phi} \right) + \hat{a}_\theta \frac{1}{r} \left( \frac{1}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial A_r}{\partial \phi} - \frac{\partial (r A_\phi)}{\partial r} \right) + \hat{a}_\phi \frac{1}{r} \left( \frac{\partial (r A_\theta)}{\partial r} - \frac{\partial A_r}{\partial \theta} \right)$$

$$\nabla^2 V = \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( r^2 \frac{\partial V}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left( \sin \theta \frac{\partial V}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial \phi^2}$$